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July 16, 1919, Temperature 78 Rainfall 0.00 inch. Humidity 91. July 16, 1918, Temperature 83

No. 17,517. 號六十月七年九十壹百九千壹 HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, JULY 16, 1919. 日九十月六未己亥歲年八國民華中 PRICE \$3.00 Per Month

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TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail)
KOLCHAK GOVERNMENT.
SEEKS L. O. N. MANDATE.
LONDON, July 10.
A telegram from Paris reports that a formal request by the Kolchak government of Russia has been addressed to the Conference asking for the mandate for the control of the Dardanelles and Bosphorus, as well as a share of the international mandate for Constantinople. It declares that Russia would willingly renounce the protectorate over Armenia.

GERMANS HAVE RATIFIED.
BLOCKADE LIFTED
IMMEDIATELY.
PARIS, July 13.
A German Note declares that the German president has signed the ratification of the treaty with its protocol, also the Rhenish agreement. He hopes the blockade will be raised immediately and the war prisoners returned.

PUTTING IT ACROSS.
PRESIDENT WILSON TELLS THE
AMERICAN PEOPLE.

WASHINGTON, July 10.
President Wilson, interviewed by newspaper correspondents, opined that American troops should stay on the Rhine until Germany had delivered all the materials required under the treaty. Furthermore, the associated Powers should resume trade at the earliest opportunity in order to permit Germany's financial rehabilitation. The United States must generously help the reconstruction of Europe along the lines of a sound basis of credit. The League covenant will be included in every treaty concluded at Versailles.
In the Senate Mr. Wilson presented the German treaty and declared that the League of Nations had become a practical necessity and indispensable to the new world order. Describing the efforts of the Conference to ensure the lasting triumph of freedom and right he said old entanglements and agreements of every kind stood in the way—promises made in the days when might was right—these could not always be honourably disregarded, consequently it was difficult to graft a new order of ideas on the old. Hence some fruits of grafting may be temporarily bitter, but the majority of the Conference sincerely desired to shake off the bad influences of illegitimate and demoralising ambitions, international counsels, and expedients wherefrom the sinister designs of Germany had sprung.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

At the meeting to-morrow (Thursday) the Hon. Mr. C. G. Alabaster, O.B.E., will ask the following questions:
1. With reference to the report of the Committee of the Sanitary Board appointed to consider the question of scavenging, is the Hon. Director of Public Works correctly reported to have minutes "..... The present system of collection and disposal is economical and with the provision of suitable pier accommodation would be efficient?"
2. If so, what steps does the Government propose to take to provide the suitable pier accommodation which would render the present system efficient?

The orders of the day include:
By the Hon. Colonial Secretary—
First reading of a Bill intituled An Ordinance to amend the Appropriation of a Supplementary Sum of five million four hundred and sixty-six thousand three hundred and twenty-seven dollars and sixty-three cents to defray the charges of the year 1918.
By the Hon. Attorney General—
First reading of a Bill intituled An Ordinance to provide that no person shall reside within the southern portion of the Island of Cheung Chau otherwise known as Dumb-bell Island without the consent of the Governor in Council.
First reading of a Bill intituled An Ordinance to consolidate and amend the law relating to Places of Public Entertainment.
First reading of a Bill intituled An Ordinance to amend the Rating (Special War Rate) Ordinance, 1917.
Second reading of the Bill intituled An Ordinance for the appointment of a Special Custodian of Enemy Interests in China Companies.
Second reading of the Bill intituled An Ordinance for the more effectual protection of marine stores.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail)
THE GREAT COAL DODGE.
MINERS DEPRECATE RAISING
OF PREJUDICE.
LONDON, July 10th.
The following is an official statement of the miners' position regarding the announcement made by Sir A. Goddard in the House of Commons yesterday—
"The miners deny that any justification has been shown for an increase of six shillings per ton. In any case they contend that the Government, which had absolute control of the mines and dictated both to owners and miners the settlement of disputes regarding wages and conditions, is responsible for the result.
The miners deprecate the raising of prejudice against nationalisation, and urge that if the high price of coal proves anything it proves the failure of private ownership plus Government control."

OUR LADS ABROAD.
"PEACE" WHERE THERE IS
NO PEACE.
LONDON, July 10th.
Reuter learns with regard to the British forces overseas, that the Army on the Rhine numbers 200,000 and the Army in France and Flanders 215,000, mainly for salvage work, also to supply lines of communication for the Rhine Army to which it will act as reserve in the event of future hostilities.

There are 11,000 British troops in Italy, including troops for clearing up purposes, also a battalion forming part of the international garrison at Fiume.
There are under 44,000 British troops (besides Indian troops) in the Black Sea area, including 22,000 in the Caucasus, with the object of keeping order, pending the settlement of peace conditions.
The recent troubles in Egypt and the troubled state of Asia Minor necessitate the presence of 90,000 men, including 10,000 in Anzani in Egypt and Palestine.
The Kurdish disturbances, the recent unrest in the Lower Euphrates district, and the unsettled condition of Central Arabia at present necessitate the maintenance of a garrison of 21,000 in Mesopotamia.
The present British garrison in India is 62,000—none too many in view of the trouble on the North-West Frontier and the undercurrent of unrest in India.
There are a certain number of British troops in North Russia. These are gradually being withdrawn.
There are also 8,000 troops garrisoning defended ports abroad, and 1,400 guarding the Trans-Siberian Railway.

IMPERIAL CONSTITUTIONAL REFORM.

LONDON, July 10th.
In the House of Commons, Major O'Neill asked for information regarding the date of the special Imperial Conference to consider the future political inter-relationship of the Empire.
Mr. Bonar Law said that many important discussions had occurred. These had been reliable.
The desirability of holding the Conference at the earliest possible moment was recognised by all parties, but it was impossible to fix a date.
Mr. A. Hurd asked whether the Government had considered the proposal to hold the Conference at Ottawa.
Mr. Bonar Law said that that had not been suggested at any conference at which he was present, but promised that he would look into it.
Mr. Hurd said that it had been suggested by those in authority.
Mr. Bonar Law replied that he was not aware of it.

ITALIAN RECONSTRUCTION.

Rome, July 10th.
Signor Nitto, expounding the Government programme, said that special taxes would be levied on luxuries; there would also be a graduated tax on war profits.
The Government's financial measures were chiefly aimed at reducing the debt at home and abroad.
The mercantile marine would be developed.
Italy was determined to overcome all her post-war difficulties and renew her wealth by consuming less and producing more.

THE RHINE OCCUPATION.

TEXT OF AGREEMENT.
LONDON, July 10th.
The text of the agreement between the United States, Belgium, the British Empire and Germany, in regard to the military occupation of the Rhine territories, has been issued.
It provides, *inter alia*, for the constitution of a civilian body, entitled the Inter-Allied Rhineland High Commission, which will be the supreme representative of the Allies within the occupied territory.
The Commission will be empowered to issue Ordinances necessary to secure the maintenance of safety and the requirements of the Allied forces.
German Courts will continue to exercise civil and criminal jurisdiction, but anyone accused of offences against the Allied military jurisdiction may be made amenable to Allied military jurisdiction.
The civil administration will remain in the hands of the German authorities.
The High Commission will be empowered to declare a state of siege in any part of or the whole of the occupied territory whenever it thinks necessary, and, on this contingency, the Allied military authorities will have the powers provided in the German Imperial law.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail)
BOLSHEVIST WAR.
BIRMINGHAM, July 10th.
A telegram from Transylvania states that a Hungarian Bolshevik Corps which was withdrawn from the Czecho-slovak Front, have attacked the Rumanians on the Theiss. Fighting continues.

LONDON, July 10th.
Reuter learns that although the position on Admiral Kolchak's front is rather difficult, the spirit of the troops is excellent.
The object of the retreat of the Siberian Army was to enable the finishing of the mobilisation in the interior of Siberia. The majority of the population had retired with the troops.
The Siberian mobilisation had demonstrated the loyalty of the peasantry. Brilliant results were achieved in the Omsk and Irkutsk regions, and the fighting material was procured in the Yeniseisk Province, where Bolsheviks broke out in the spring.
It is regarded probable that the Reds stopped their advance on the line of the Rivers Kuma, Belaja, and Ufa.

FOUR ARMEN ROASTED ALIVE.
MARSEILLES, July 10th.
A British postal aeroplane crashed to the earth on the flats near Fourtieres, in consequence of the explosion of a petrol tank.
Four aviators were roasted alive. They have not yet been identified.

THE RETURN TRIP OF THE AIR BUS.

New York, July 10th.
The R 34 left Long Island at 11.57 p.m. (New York time) on Wednesday for East Fortune.
MINEOLA, July 10th.
The R 34 started hurriedly, owing to an official report of a storm approaching from the great Lakes.
Tens of thousands of people watched the airship cross New York. Traffic was stopped. There was tumultuous cheering.

LONDON, July 10th.
The Air Ministry announces that the position of the R 34 at 9 a.m. (British summer time) was 40.47 degrees North and 70.20 degrees West.
The Air Ministry states that the R 34 at noon (British summer time) was about 300 miles from New York, and 350 miles south-west of Sydney, Nova Scotia.

FRENCH LABOUR UNREST.

PARIS, July 11th.
A Havas message says:—
The French Cabinet discussed, to-day, the question of the threatened 24 hour strike on July 21st, organized by the General Confederation of Labour, to which the railway and postal employees have given their assent.
The Minister of Public Works has sent an appeal warning all employees not yet demobilised that if they abandon their posts they will be handed to the military authorities. Demobilised men will be tried by court-martial.
A meeting of non-Unionist railway workers in Lyons passed a resolution deciding not to strike on July 21st.
COAL MINERS RESUMING WORK.
The central and southern coal miners are resuming work in consequence of the Ministerial arbitration award granting an increase of wages, also a minimum wage for pieceworkers.

FRENCH PROFITTEERS.

A Havas message says:—
The French Ministry, concerned with questions affecting food supplies, has decided to take steps towards the urgent reduction of the present high cost of living.
Members of the Chamber of Deputies demand extreme measures for the purpose of coping with profiteers.
A Bill has been laid before the Chamber, rendering speculators guilty of cornering or profiteering manœuvres liable to capital punishment.

LINER HITS BERG.

St. John's, July 10th.
The Allan liner *Cranpian*, with 1,100 persons aboard, struck an iceberg. Her bows were stove in. Two were killed and two injured. She has returned here for repairs.

CRICKET.

LONDON, July 10th.
Somerset beat Derby by ten wickets. Northants beat Sussex by eight wickets. The Lancashire v. Essex match was drawn.

SIX BAD ONES GONE.

LONDON, July 10th.
The British military authorities at Aleppo have banished six of the ringleaders in the recent massacre of the Armenians. The latter have been invited to present renunciation claims in respect of the pillage.

CAN YOU AFFORD THE RISK?

WERE you ever seized with a severe attack of common cold or diarrhoea without a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cold-Chief, and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house? Don't take such risks. A dose or two will cure you before a doctor could possibly be called, and it never fails even in the most severe and dangerous cases. For sale by All Chemists and druggists.

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OUTFITTER.
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WE HAVE THE LATEST ENGLISH & AMERICAN
PERIODICALS
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A SPEEDY & SURE CURE
FOR
PRICKLY HEAT.
Our PRICKLY HEAT LOTION, prepared according to the formula of one of the present day Professors of Tropical Medicine.
Instantly Allays Irritation and Cures after a few applications.
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LAST FEW DAYS
OF
SUMMER SALE.
DRESSES BLOUSES
HATS SHOES
ALL AT
GREAT BARGAINS.
PHONE 644.

WRIST WATCHES
QUALITY-VARIETY-PERFECTION.
J. ULLMANN & CO.,
QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL (CORNER FLOWER STREET).

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UNIVERSAL PROVIDERS
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AND SURVEYOR.

Public Auctions.

INTIMATIONS.

G. R.
IMPORTS AND EXPORTS DEPT.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC HOLIDAY.

THIS Department will be entirely
CLOSED on SATURDAY the
19th July.C. W. RECKWITH,
Superintendent,
Imports and Exports.
Hongkong, July 15, 1919.G. R.
GENERAL RECEPTION, GOVERN-
MENT HOUSE.NO Written Invitations are being
issued for the GENERAL RE-
CEPTION AT GOVERNMENT
HOUSE AT 10 A.M. on SATURDAY
19th July.It is requested that those who attend
the reception will bring cards with
their names clearly written thereon.
Hongkong, July 15, 1919.

G. R.

WITH regard to his previous notice,
the Colonial Secretary begs to
announce that all men who joined His
Majesty's Forces at home or elsewhere,
and who are now in Hongkong, should
send in their names to him without
delay.COLONIAL SECRETARY'S
OFFICE.

Hongkong, July 14, 1919.

HONGKONG HOTEL.

PEACE CELEBRATIONS.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY.
18th and 19th July.SPECIAL TABLE D'HOTEL
DINNERS will be served in the
GRILL ROOM and MAIN DINING
ROOM at \$3.50 and \$2.50 per head
respectively.J. H. TAGGART,
Manager.G. R.
NOTICE.ALL PERSONS with the exception
of those of Chinese race desiring to
leave the Colony should apply in
person between the hours of 9 a.m. to
1 p.m. and 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. daily at the
PASS OFFICE, Post Office Building.
Applicants will be required to produce
Passports or identification papers. All
persons, with certain exceptions, who
reside in the Colony for more than
7 days are required to register their
names under the REGISTRATION OF
PERSONS ORDINANCE 1916. Forms of
Registration giving the particulars
required may be obtained at the G.P.O.
and at all Police Stations.
The Penalty for non-compliance is a
fine not exceeding \$50.

MUMEYA.

Japanese Photographers.
All kinds of Photographic Work done
in latest styles also Passport Photos.Developing and Printing for
Amateurs a Specialty.
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NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA

"TENYO MARU"

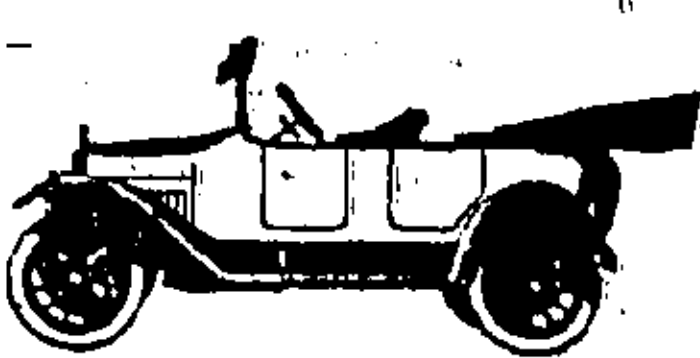
STEAMER ARRIVED FROM
SAN FRANCISCO, HONOLULU,
JAPAN PORT, Monday
July 14.Consignees of cargo are hereby notified
to present their bills of lading for counter-
signature, and take immediate delivery
from alongside steamer or the Company's
godown, where all cargo impeding im-
mediate discharge will be landed at
consignees' risk.Storage will be assessed on
cargo remaining undelivered on
July 15.All broken, chafed and damaged pack-
age will be landed into the Company's
Godown, where same will be examined on
Monday, July 21, at 10 a.m.No claims will be recognized after the
goods have left the steamer or godown, and
none will be entertained if presented later
than three weeks after arrival
of steamer.No Fire Insurance whatever will be
accepted.

T. DAICO,

Hongkong, July 14, 1919.

INTIMATIONS

METEOR GARAGE

Sole distributors of
MAXWELL CARS.Automobiles for Hire
and for Sale
at reasonable Prices.Phone 2500.
65 Des Vaux Road
Central.The Natural Milk Food for Infants,
Invalids and Nursing Mothers.
We have just received a large consignment

粉奶牛洲澳

SHIU FUNG TAI & CO.,
Agents for Hongkong and South China.
No. 41 & 43, Des Vaux Road, Central, Hongkong.
Telephone Nos. 1220 & 1221.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

KIPPER3! KIPPER3!

JUST RECEIVED

A New Shipment direct from
Scotland.

65 cents per lb.

PEACE
CELEBRATIONBUY YOUR
FLAGSFROM
GRACA & CO.,
No. 10, Wyndham Street,
P.O. Box 620.
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JAPANESE MAKERS.

Every kind of Footwear

MADE
TO
ORDERCHERRY & CO.,
PEDDER STREET,
Opposite Hongkong Hotel.
Telephone No. 4212.
Hongkong, March 20, 1914.MACGREGOR'S
V.O.S.(PARLIAMENT BLEND)
FINEST LIQUEUR
SCOTCH WHISKY.EXTRA SPECIAL
FINEST LIQUEUR
WHISKY.CALDBECK, MACGREGOR
& CO.,
15, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,
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EVERY TIME YOU WANT A
GOOD SMOKE.Obtainable at all
High-class
TOBACCONISTS.

This Advertisement is issued by British-American Tobacco Co., (China) Ltd.

SPORTING MEN AND PARS.

J. Quinn, of the Birchfield H.
won the Midland Counties' mile flat
championship at Coventry on Satur-
day, May 31, in time 32.4 seconds.At the sports of the University of
London on Saturday, May 31, at
Purley, J. R. Gammell, of the
Engineers, ran in good form, and
with wins in the three miles (which
he won by a foot from E. F. Ander-
son), one mile, and half-mile, and a
second in the weight-putting con-
test, secured the cup for the greatest
number of points.The Peel Memorial meeting of
the Croquet Association was con-
cluded at Reckington on Saturday,
May 31. Results:Peel Memorial (Men's)—Final:
Col. C. E. Wilson, 1st Lt. Major A.
B. Petre, 51, by 23.
Peel Memorial (Women)—Final:
Mrs. H. C. King, 21, by Miss A.
B. Primrose, 71, by 23.
Association Mixed Doubles—
Final: Major-General Sir A. Piers
and Mrs. N. S. Brown by H. R.
Burton and Miss A. B. Primrose by
11.Football at Home will commence
this year on August 30. This date
has been accepted as the official
opening of the League season, which
will close on the first Saturday in
May. The minimum charge of ad-
mission to League matches, during
the season will be one shilling.The leading match on May 31 was
the annual trial between the English
and Scots of the Crouch Hill Club
for the Robbings Shield. This trophy
was presented in 1909, the Scots
have won it seven times, and pre-
viously to May 31 the English had
won it three.Ten rinks (80 men) played on the
two greens the players including such
crucies as W. J. Jones, A. Taylor,
A. R. Sweet, D. Rice Thomas, W.
Woodven, W. Carruthers, J. L.
Stewart, W. Dow, A. Adamson, C.
W. Brown, G. Kyd, and J. Manson.At five ends the Englishmen were
31 shots down, at ten this was re-
duced to 18, but at fifteen it was up
to 20. The last six ends were pro-
ductive of tremendous excitement.
Cries of encouragement were called
from rink to rink, but the English
players had evidently, with charac-
teristic reserve, been holding back
their best. Shot for shot, the Scots
were outplayed. Rink by rink, the
English obtained the lead, and the
final scores were given as 202 to 193
in favour of the English players.J. H. Hobbs, the Surrey profes-
sional, playing against the Austrians
at the Oval on June 2, scored
205 not out carrying his bat right
through the innings. Surrey scored
344 for the innings.In the Randolph Polo War Cup
Test, on June 2, the British Cavalry
beat the Australians by 9 goals to 2.
In the other test the Cavalry Corps
beat the 1st Life Grenadier by 11 goals
to 5.There was the kind of cricket the
public want at the Oval on May 29
when 139 runs were scored in 54
hours. The Free Foresters scored
269 for 4 and declared, Hon. C. M.
Bruce scoring 119 and A. L. Gibson
121. The House of Commons scored
339 for 7.In a brilliant match against Fal-
kirk on May 29, Newman scored a
break of 745.For the Australians against Oxford
University recently, J. M. Taylor
scored 194, and C. Kellaway took
7 University wickets for 47.The Oxford summer eights attract-
ed a very large crowd on May 29.
In the third division there was
only one bump University II, catch-
ing Jesses at Rough's boathouse,
Kettle just failing to overtake Cor-
pus. In the second division two
bumps were recorded, New College
II, lowering the colours of Pembroke
coming out of the Gut, and Wadham
accounting for Christ Church II, in
the Gut.In the first division Magdalen row-
ed over at the head of the river—
a position they thoroughly deserved.
New College and Christ Church fol-
lowed Magdalen, and along the
barges there was only just daylight
between the two boats. In the oval
New College reached home safely.
Magdalen II, having St. John's
coming out of the Gut, and Bim-
nose fell to Queen's at almost the
same spot though it is doubtful if
they would have done so but for
Magdalen and St. John's getting in
their way after they had stopped for
the bump.The names and school of Magda-
len, the head of the river crew are:
Bow, H. A. Irvine (Shrewsbury), J.
A. Proby (Eton), S. Earl (Eton), H.
S. Lucas (Eton), F. H. Lovelock
(Yale), A. T. Durand (Eton), W. F.
Jones (Eton), stroke, E. D. Horsfall
(Eton); coxswain, W. H. Porritt
(Eton).

DON'T NEGLECT YOUR FAMILY.

WHEN you fail to provide your
family with a bottle of Chamber-
lain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy at
this season of the year, you are neglect-
ing them, as bowel complaints are sure
to be prevalent and to be too dan-
gerous to be trifled with. This is
family life. A dose or two of the rem-
edy will place the trouble within control
and perhaps save a life or at least a
doctor's bill. For sale By All Chemists
and Druggists.GREAT BRITAIN'S
POPULATION.DEATHS LARGELY EXCEED BIRTHS
IN HALF-YEAR.For the second time since the
establishment of civil registration,
the registered deaths in the last
quarter (ending March 31) exceeded
the births. The figures for England
and Wales were:—
Deaths 101,922
Births 141,920
Loss 47,002This natural decrease of popula-
tion compares badly with the natural
increases (by excess of births over
deaths) of 51,962, 24,810, and 24,309
in the first quarters of 1916, 1917,
and 1918 respectively.
The quarterly return of the Regis-
trars-General shows also that the
births were 16,805 fewer than in the
preceding quarter, and 17,388 fewer
than in the first quarter of 1918.
Males numbered 74,548, females
70,372, and the total of births regis-
tered corresponded to an annual
birth rate of 15.8 per 1,000 of the
population in 1917.Deaths in the same quarter in-
cluded 57,621 males and 94,301
females.
Influenza was either a primary or
a contributory cause of death in no
fewer than 37,397 cases.FEWER MARRIAGES.
In the three months ended Decem-
ber 31, 1918, the natural decrease of
population for the whole of the
United Kingdom was 60,180. Births
were 206,258 and deaths 266,438.
Adding this decrease to the figures
for the first quarter of 1919 (which
are for England and Wales only—
Scottish and Irish returns may make
the loss heavier), the decline in
population is 127,182 in the six
months.The return also records that the
number of persons married in Eng-
land and Wales during the fourth
quarter of 1918 showed a decrease of
7,842 compared with the number in
the preceding quarter, but was 1,129
greater than in the fourth quarter of
1917. In the United Kingdom the
number of persons married during
the quarter was 178,109.

SLUMP IN TEACHERS.

Sir Joseph J. Thomson, Master of
Trinity College, Cambridge, at a con-
ference on Natural Science, at the
County Hall, Spring-gardens, said
that in the teaching of science to boys,
of the age of 16 the subject should be
humanised. His opinion was that
during the next two years they would
be glad to get any kind of teacher,
whether trained or not. It would
not be a question of qualification,
but a question of getting anybody at
all. There was a growing reluctance
on the part of young men to adopt
teaching as a profession.

NOTICES.

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Hotel Mansions.

Agents for:—ADMIRALTY CHARTS,
ROSS'S BINOCULARS and TELESCOPES,
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BENSON'S ENGLISH WATCHES,
ENGLISH SILVERWARE, direct from Manufacturers,
High-Class English Jewellery.

MACARONI, PASTE STARS, EGG NOODLES,

VERMICELLI,

AND ALL KINDS OF SOUP STUFFS.

ALL our Pastes bear the "Rooster" label and are made from Flour of the Best
Quality containing a large percentage of Gluten. Starch and Gluten are the
principal components of Flour. Gluten is easier to digest and contains more
nutrient than Starch. Manufactured under the most sanitary conditions.
Large quantities have been exported to various important cities in the World.
Terms moderate, especially for Agents. Orders executed promptly.

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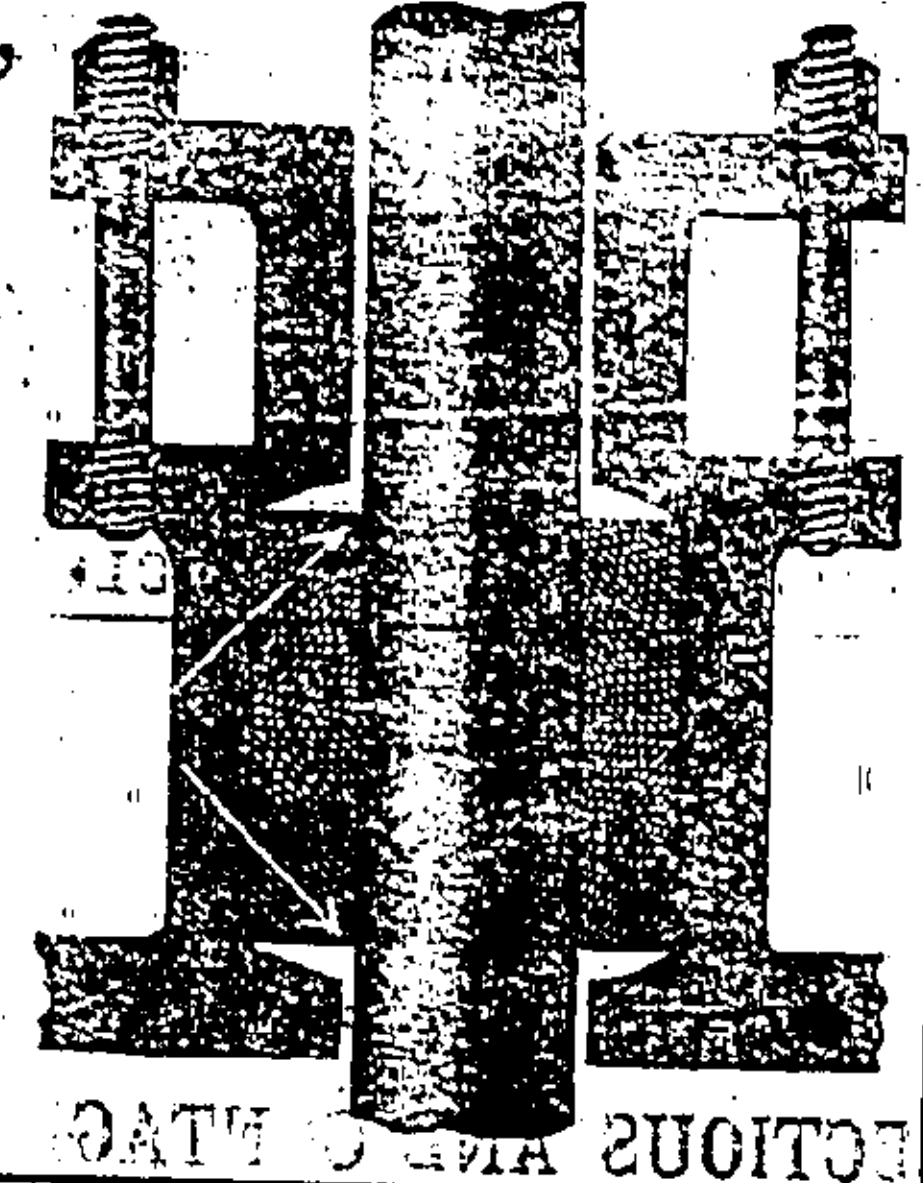
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Operating:—
THE HONGKONG HOTEL The leading Hotel in the Far East.
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THE HOTEL MANSIONS The headquarters of the Canadian
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American business concerns.The Hotel Company, having recently extended their cold storage plant
and instituted motor transportation, are specializing in outside catering such
as banquets, dances, picnics, etc., and are prepared to supply all necessary
equipment, decorations, furnishings, and music.
Quotations may be obtained on application at the Hotel Main Office, or
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THE PEAK HOTEL.

1,500 Feet above Sea Level.
15 Minutes from Landing Stage.
Under the Management of—
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CENTRAL LOCATION.

ALL ELECTRIC TRAMS Pass Entrance, Electric Lifts, Fans and Lighting
European Baths and Sanitary Fittings, Hot and Cold Water System
throughout, Best of Food and Service.
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KOWLOON.

(Two minutes from Star Ferry).

Recently renovated and refurbished, electric light and fans throughout
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CARLTON HOTEL.

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102 HOUSE STREET.

Under American Management. Nice and quiet yet only a few minutes
walk from the Banks and Central District. 43 Bedrooms. Excellent Cuisine,
scrupulously clean. Moderate Terms. Monthly and Family Rates on
application to the Proprietress. Launches meet Passenger Boats.
Telegraphic Address "CARLTON." Miss F. E. CAMERON.BLUE
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PARLOUR

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CHOCOLATES
Plain Sweet Vanilla Chocolate 40 cts. 1 lb.
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Chocolate 40 cts. 1 lb.
Calumet's Malted Chocolate 40 cts. 1 lb.
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Imperial Cocoa 40 cts. 1 lb.
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40 cts. per lb.

TANG YUK, DENTIST.

Successor to

the late SIEN TING.

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TERMS VERY MODERATE

Consultation free.

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PUBLIC AUCTIONS

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED,) on

THURSDAY,

July 17, 1919, at 10.30 a.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8 Des Voeux Road, Corner of Lee House Street.

SUNDAY

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., &c.

Also

A number of cases
RED JAPANESE LANTERNS.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, July 14, 1919.



PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from H. M. NAVAL STORE OFFICE, to sell by Public Auction, on

THURSDAY,

July 24, 1919, commencing at 10 a.m., at H. M. NAVAL YARD, Hongkong, A quantity of Old Metals, &c., comprising:—

Brass Borings, uncleaned,

Brass Tubes, Scrap Brass, &c.,

Old Copper Sheathing, &c., Old Lead,

Manganese Bronze and Gun Metal,

Zinc Slabs and Ashes,

Old Aluminium, White Metal, &c., &c.

Terms of Sale:—As detailed on Catalogue.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

By Appointment Auctioneers to the Admiralty.

Hongkong, July 15, 1919.

WITHOUT RESERVE.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED,) on

MONDAY,

the 21st July, 1919, at 11 a.m., at Ewong Tung Cheong's Shipyard, To-Kwa-Wan,

ONE COMPLETE SET ENGINES AND BOILER

IN GOOD WORKING ORDER.

DESCRIPTION:—

Set of Compound Engines, 16 x 33, by 24 stroke.

Boiler, 12 x 10 $\frac{1}{2}$, working pressure 120 lbs. on Veritas survey.

To be sold in one lot.

Inspecting orders and further particulars may be had from the undersigned.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, July 4, 1919.

TAIYO & CO.

(JAPANESE)

BOOTS AND SHOES

MADE TO ORDER

No. 12, Wyndham St.

MARTIN'S

APIOL & STEEL

WATERPILLS

A French Remedy for all Irritation of the Urinary Tract.

It is a powerful diuretic, and acts on the mucous membrane of the bladder, ureters, and kidneys, and is a most effective remedy for all cases of cystitis, pyelitis, and other diseases of the urinary tract.

It is a most effective remedy for all cases of cystitis, pyelitis, and other diseases of the urinary tract.

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It is a most effective remedy for all cases of cystitis, pyelitis, and other diseases of the urinary tract.

INTIMATIONS.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that an Interim Dividend of 23.50 cts. per share, subject to deduction of Income Tax, has been declared for the HALF YEAR ending June 30, 1919, at rate of 3.50 cts. per dollar.

The Dividend will be payable on and after MONDAY, August 11, 1919, at the Office of the Corporation, where Shareholders are requested to apply for Warrants.

The REGISTER of SHARES of the Corporation will be CLOSED from MONDAY July 28, to SATURDAY August 2, 1919, (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

By Order of the Court of Directors,
N. J. STABE,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, July 11, 1919.

NOTICE.

THE HONGKONG ELECTRIC CO., LTD. desire to again draw the attention of Consumers to the following facts:—

Owing to the delay, due to conditions created by the war, in obtaining new Plant, the Company find difficulty in carrying the load necessary for public and private supply especially during the hours between 6 and 10 p.m.

Consumer of electric light supplied by the Company are therefore earnestly requested to use the utmost economy in the use of light and of fans during the hours mentioned in order that the possibilities of interruption in the supply due to breakdown of the machinery may be avoided. This particularly applies to the evenings of 18th and 19th inst. during Peace Celebrations, and consumers are especially requested not to use any electric light for illumination purposes.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, July 9, 1919.

THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND of THREE and HALF DOLLARS per Share for the six months ending June 30, 1919, will be payable on MONDAY July 28, on which date Dividend Warrants may be obtained on application at the Company's Office.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from FRIDAY July 18, to MONDAY July 23, (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. SHELTON HOOPER,
Secretary.

Hongkong, July 9, 1919.

THE HONGKONG CENTRAL ESTATE LIMITED.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND of FOUR DOLLARS per Share for the six months ending June 30, 1919, will be payable on MONDAY July 28, on which date Dividend Warrants may be obtained on application at the Company's Office.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from FRIDAY July 18, to MONDAY July 23, (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. SHELTON HOOPER,
Secretary to the General Managers.

Hongkong, July 9, 1919.

THE WEST POINT BUILDING CO., LTD.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND of THREE DOLLARS per Share for the six months ending June 30, 1919, will be payable on MONDAY July 28, on which date Dividend Warrants may be obtained on application at the Company's Office.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from FRIDAY July 18, to MONDAY July 23, (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. SHELTON HOOPER,
Secretary to The Hongkong Land Investment & Agency Co., Ltd.

General Agents for the West Point Building Co., Ltd.
Hongkong, July 8, 1919.

MASSAGE HALL.

MRS. T. SUGITA

MISS HALU

4 Wyndham Street, Hongkong.

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PHOTOGRAPHER

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Just arrived.

KODAKS

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Branch Opposite City Hall.

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25 WORDS 3 INSERTIONS, 61. PREPAID.
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WANTED

ENGINEER FOR LOCAL WORKS.
Thorough shop training in mechanical engineering and experience in charge of steam plant essential. Apply Box No. 1119 c/o "CHINA MAIL."

TO LET.

Furnished for 12 months No. 57 The Peak (No. 1 Stewart Terrace) containing 3 Bedrooms and bath-rooms, hot and cold water, Drying room, Dining room, Drawing room, Sitting room and usual offices and servants' quarters, also large garden. Possession 15th July.

Apply to—
HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LTD.
Alexandra Buildings.
Hongkong, July 3, 1919.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A THREE-ROOMED BUNGALOW on Cheung Chai. Good location. Possession may be had August 1st. For particulars apply to Box 1136, c/o "CHINA MAIL."

TO LET.

TO LET—First Floor Masevic Hall BUNGALOW on Cheung Chai. Formerly Italian Consulate. Apply to: Secretary, c/o Masevic Hall.

TO LET—No. 102 The Peak, 6 ROOMED HOUSE at the Peak. Apply to PERCY SMITH, SEW & FLEMING.

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WISEMAN'S BREAD.

More good news from
WISEMAN.

After a lapse of 3 years, we are now getting regular supplies of the very strongest and best quality flour that Australia produces and we are turning out the most nutritious and delicious Bread the Colony has ever known.

Don't take our word. Write for a sample and try it.

EAT WISEMAN'S BREAD.

MADAME FLINT

At the beginning of July will
OPEN A NEW BRANCH of her

DRESSMAKING & MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT

— AT THE —

Corner of Queen's Road Central
and Wyndham Street.

(THE VICTORIA PHARMACY)

Madame Flint desires to announce to her Customers that Mlle. Flint is at present in Paris and is forwarding the latest Parisian Styles by every mail.

DON'T FORGET !!!

The Republic Motor Boats for your picnics and outings.

TELEPHONE 307 or 1957.

Write or Call,

MOK LIN, Managing Director.

These Cigarettes are made of selected Mild leaf tobacco and quite harmless to those who are accustomed to inhale.

NANYANG BROTHERS TOBACCO CO.

165, Des Voeux Road,

Hongkong.



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十 中 港 總 仰 惟 吸 凡 天 華 氣 南
五 一 德 發 其 茲 我 下 人 氣 洋
號 百 舖 所 似 貨 香 胞 雙 造 香 烟

PUBLIC AUCTIONS.

G. R.
PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS and Conditions of the Letting by Public Auction Sale, to be held on MONDAY, the 22nd day of July, 1919, at 3 p.m., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of the Government, of One Lot of CROWN LAND at Kowloon in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 75 years.

Particulars of the Lot.									
No. of Lots	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Containing	Area	Annual Rent	Lease Term	Other Particulars	Remarks	Notes
1	At the corner of the intersection of the Victoria Road and the Kowloon Road, Kowloon.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	1	10,000	10,000	75 years			

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have instructions from the Liquidator of the trade and personal affairs of GUSTAV ADOLF GROBE FRIEDLAND deceased in pursuance of an Order of the Hongkong Government to sell by Public Auction, on

WEDNESDAY,

the 23rd day of July, 1919, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon at their Auction Rooms at No. 8, Des Voeux Road Central,

THE VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY

situate and being Farm Lot No. 40 and known as "Villa Miramar", Pokfulam, Hong Kong, in One Lot.

There is a five roomed bungalow with outhouses and garden situate on the property.

A small electric light plant is installed.

The boundaries of the lot are not accurately defined, but it is intended that they shall be adjusted by the Government so that the purchaser shall have an area of 16 $\frac{1}{2}$ acres.

The property is held for the residue of a term of 75 years from the 25th June 1861. It must be clearly understood that the lease will not be extended beyond the present term.

The Crown Rent is \$48 per annum. The property is offered subject to a reserved price.

Particulars and Conditions of Sale may be had from

Messrs. DEACON, LOOKER,

DEACON & HARTSON,

Solicitors for the Liquidator,

or from

Messrs. HUGHES & HOUGH,

The Auctioneers.

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NEW CAMERAS!

JUST ARRIVED

PAGET PRIZE PLATES

AND PAPERS.

BUTCHER'S REFLEX.

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A large and new consignment of Photographic requisites now in stock.

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HISTORY OF UNION CHURCH (1891-1908) ... 50

HONGKONG'S MUSICAL HISTORY ... 50

NOTES ON WILD LIFE IN HONGKONG AND SOUTH CHINA (by Rev. G. A. Benbury, M.A.) ... 50

Part I—Mammals and Birds ... 50

Part II—Reptiles, Amphibians and Fishes ... 50

THE MISSIONS STRANDBERGS (History of the Eastern Churches) ... 1.00

CHINESE SCHOOL BOOK ("Sam-Tin King" translate by E. J. Eliel) ... 20

MR. ROBERT HART'S LAND TAX MEMORANDUM ... 20

WASHING BOOKS (for men) ... 25

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Experienced Chauffeurs and Expert Mechanics.

A Large Number of
New and Comfortable Cars
Always in Readiness.

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Occasions

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.

PORTLAND CEMENT.

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.

In Bags of 50 lbs. net.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.

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PHOTO SUPPLIES, Kodaks and Kodak Films, &c., &c. DEVELOPING & PRINTING A SPECIALITY.

No. 17, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG.

RED LANTERNS

FOR PEACE CELEBRATIONS.

At Reduced Prices.

NIKKO

JAPANESE FINE ART CURIOS and PACKING CONTRACTOR.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

Tel. No. 1259. All Goods Guaranteed

KEEN COMPETITION.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN. Please notice The Breezy Garage is giving Special quotations with the latest and newest design CARS ON HIRE for the coming season.

CHANDLER HUDSON SUPER SIX 7 passengers \$3.00 per hour.

OAKLANDS 5 " \$6.00 "

Wise patrons never go wrong once they decide to patronise us. Weekly or monthly trips can be arranged at the Office.

OUR MOTTO: Drink less patent medicine and take more motoring.

Just landed a large stock of Goodyear and Goodrich Tyres and Tubes at lowest prices. Sizes 34 x

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE YOUNG IDEA.

[To the Editor of the "CHINA MAIL"]

Dear Sir,—May I ask what is being done in connection with the Peace Celebrations for the scholars, boys and girls, in the Schools of Hong Kong?

At the Peace Celebrations Committee Meeting it was stated that the Headmasters would make arrangements. What arrangements are being made? Have the Headmasters been advised in the matter? Who represents the Schools on the Peace Celebrations Committee?

It has been stated that each school will receive a model and a book, which look, I understand, or one very like it, has been used as a Text Book in the School at the suggestion of the Education Department and many scholars have bought the book during the past year.

It has also been stated that some of money are being given to the Government Schools for School Uniforms but not to the Private Schools. May I ask if this is a grant from the Government or from the Peace Celebrations Committee? Why, then, should the private schools, which educate more children than the Government Schools, be omitted? I admit that it must be a difficult matter to allocate money but the money could be allocated in the same way as the model and book.

In the matter of entertaining the scholars and impressing upon them the meaning of Victory and Peace practically nothing has been done. The Headmasters of the various Schools have not been approached or consulted in any way whatever. Thus the greatest opportunity of making a lasting impression in the minds of the young people is being lost. Some uniform plan should be adopted and it is not too late to carry out that plan. It should be definitely announced now, or else, that some uniform School Celebrations will be held in September or October. No problem with public money, as it is Government or Peace Celebrations money, should be given to Government Schools. If preference is given, then the book and model will, I hope, be accepted by the private schools.

Moreover, it is right of me to state at the Peace Celebrations Committee Meeting that the Headmasters will make arrangements and then not further advise nor consult them in the matter. Masters, mistresses, parents and children have been expecting some announcement to be made in the matter but nothing whatever seems to have been done.

I therefore urge that a meeting of the Headmasters and Headmistresses of the Schools in Hong Kong be summoned at once, and that a Schools' Celebration be held in September or October.

Personally, I have very vivid memories of an outdoor assembly of nearly 7,000 school children which I saw in France some time ago, all singing their National Anthem and carrying their National Flag and their School Flag. Such a display could be easily arranged in Hong Kong. If such an assembly as this were thought to be not advisable then perhaps something else could be arranged. Eg: A proclamation could be drawn up by the Government after consultation with the Headmasters. This proclamation could be printed in English and Chinese and after being read out in each School by a Naval or Army Officer the proclamation could be distributed to the scholars. Such a proclamation would be of much more value and much more valued than a book of War Stories which many scholars have already read and studied in English and Chinese.

As a summary I say—some uniform action should be taken at once, no difference should be made between Government and Private Schools, and the Headmasters and Headmistresses should be consulted.

Yours faithfully,
MAGISTER.
Hongkong, July 15, 1919.

"NOW A VOICE IS FOUND."

[To the Editor of the "CHINA MAIL"]

Sir,—Your editorial, in yesterday's issue, has evoked considerable admiration from several quarters.

The "Man in the Street," out here had suffered much in the past. His rights, as a free citizen, had been trampled down by an autocratic class of a red-tape, bureaucratic government, without a voice being raised in protest. This condition of affairs must not remain a minute longer. His natural champion seemed to have deserted him because in Hong Kong the Press had found it unhealthy to disturb the equilibrium of the "powers that be." Hence Justice, Liberty, and Equality of Treatment, have been given new definitions.

To-day, everything is going to be different. Burke was right in his opinion of the Fourth Estate. To-day in England, Northcliffe has made the Press the champion of the people both in name and in deed. Out here too, the sleeping press seems to be disturbed by the Northcliffe movement and we are glad that the China

ANOTHER MOTOR ACCIDENT.

TWO PERSONS INJURED.

Travelling at a fairly high speed along Queen's Road at 8.15 p.m. yesterday, motorcar No. 124 which contained several Chinese and was proceeding West to East, collided with a ricksha and a coolie outside F. Block military quarters. Other coolies in the vicinity surrounded the car and forced the chauffeur to stop. Upon examining the damage done, it was found that the occupant of the ricksha, a European lady, has been thrown heavily to the ground. With the exception of several bruises on the leg and arm, she seemed not much worse, and was able to proceed to her destination. The coolie was less fortunate. He was unconscious for a while. He was carried into the Medical Inspection Room, F. Block where his injuries—an ugly cut on one knee and several abrasions—were attended to by a corporal of the R.A.M.C. He was detained in the Medical Room until the arrival of a stretcher ambulance when he was removed to hospital for further treatment. The ricksha coolie whose vehicle was badly damaged by the accident, approached the chauffeur and demanded compensation. An Indian constable took down the number of the car and then dispersed the large crowd which had gathered and were amusing themselves over the argument which was in progress between the chauffeur and coolie.

We understand that those returned from the war who are not in possession of morning dress or uniform are requested to attend at Government House on Friday in ordinary attire.

Mail is the first to wake up and now a Voice is found.

Officials, how highly placed they may be, must be made to realize that they are the servants of the people and that outside their offices, they have no more rights than an ordinary citizen. If they infringe the lawful rights of any citizen, they must pay the penalty. Justice must be made to have the same meaning in Hong Kong as in Great Britain. Through the blundering foreign policy of the Home Government, British prestige in the East has gone down several degrees since the armistice, and it is extremely tragic that the conduct of colonial officers has not contributed very much towards the rise of the "Thermometer."

Enclosing my card—Yours, etc.,
ROL. JUNTUS.
Hongkong, July 16, 1919.

A LETTER FROM CANTON.

[To the Editor of the "CHINA MAIL"]

Sir,—In connection with your comments, both editorial and otherwise, made in your issue of 14th July on a speech made by Sir Douglas Hogg, in which he is reported to have spoken to the effect that the British Army bore the brunt of the fighting during the past two years, and urgently asking that the necessities of these men who fought for us (and presumably for you), and the wants of their dependents should be borne in mind by their more fortunate fellows, I may inform you that there seems to be a general feeling among British folk in this port that if you would only favour us with your presence we should be delighted to make you and the "Red River" better acquainted, though we doubt if the fish would relish as food such an appalling worm as you must be. May I ask, would you give me the greatest pleasure to kick you heartily on that point of your anatomy which has evidently been treated far too leniently when you were a child?

You will notice that in addressing you I make more use of violent speech than of argument, from which fact you may guess my opinion of your mental capacity.

Yours more in anger than sorrow,
H. E. MURIEL.
Canton, July 15, 1919.

MINISTERING CHILDREN'S LEAGUE.

[To the Editor of the "CHINA MAIL"]

Dear Sir,—During the forthcoming Peace Celebrations there are any reason why a general collection should not be made on one of the days on behalf of the M.C.L. and in response to the eloquent appeal which appeared in your columns last evening? Surely it is not too late to arrange this! Also methinks a whip round in all the Clubs in the Colony would, I think, meet with a ready response. The appeal states this is an "S.O.S." call! Will anyone refuse?

Yours, etc.,
MOIRA.
Hongkong, July 15, 1919.

JAPANESE WARSHIP VISITED.

THE WAR EXPERIENCES OF H.I.J.M. TONE.

Yesterday afternoon two of the staff of the China Mail spent a pleasant afternoon visiting the Japanese cruiser at the invitation of Captain T. Seki, a naval officer who had seen 20 years' service in the Japanese Navy and has a beautiful of medals and decorations awarded for the late European War and the Russo-Japanese War.

The visitors were received by an officer of the "Tone" who conducted them to Captain Seki's spacious apartments. Captain Seki was extremely hospitable and conversed in excellent English.

Asked to say something about his experiences in the Great War, Capt. Seki said: "I will first try to give you the military career of the 'Tone.' Soon after the outbreak of war, the 'Tone' engaged in assaulting the fortress of Tsingtau in conjunction with the gallant British ships 'Triumph' and 'Ukai.' The 'Tone' took an active part in the blockade of Tsingtau and the bombardment of the land batteries, and as you know, the place was evacuated on November 7, 1914. This closes the first stage of the 'Tone's' part in the Great War. We returned to Japan immediately after the evacuation of Tsingtau, and the 'Tone' went into dock for repairs. The 'Tone' again left Japan a year later and from December, 1915, to August, 1917, made Singapore her base of operations and in conjunction with the British Navy there, engaged in searching for German raiders. The 'Tone' also assisted in conveying troops from Australia to England and in protecting the trade of the Allies in the South China Sea, the Indian Ocean and on the Australian coast. One of the most exciting of the 'Tone's' many experiences was the chasing of the German raider 'Wolf' but we had no luck, the cunning 'Wolf' always managing to evade the 'Tone's' endeavours to overtake her. In the course of her patrolling of Eastern waters, the 'Tone' which must have covered some 30,000 miles, called frequently at Hongkong, Penang, Colombo, Fremantle and Albany, in Australia. She returned home in September, 1917. Therefore you see the 'Tone' has had direct relations with the Great War, and to a considerable extent. This is the 'military career' of the 'Tone' and I deem it a great honour as commander of this ship to be able to participate in Hong Kong's Peace Celebrations."

Asked about his experience in the Mediterranean, Captain Seki very frankly said he had had no active service there to talk about. He went to Europe in 1918 and travelled extensively in England, France and Italy to study war conditions in those countries. He had visited the war theatres in France and Italy and was particularly interested in Xpays on the Western Front. The Captain's visit to Europe was very short during the war. His travels extended over eight months of 1918. (On his way up, Capt. Seki visited Malta; that was in March 1918.)

Capt. Seki said he had been to England prior to last year. He was there eight years ago when he stayed at Hyde Park Hotel, Westminster. He lived in England for one year on that occasion. His visit was to study the British Naval system. On his trip to Europe in 1913, Capt. Seki travelled in America. While in England, he visited the British Base at Scapa Flow where he saw the Grand Fleet and boarded H.M.S. "Queen Elizabeth" where he had the pleasure of meeting Admirals Beatty and Bakenham and heard from them many interesting accounts of the British Navy's war activities.

After tea had been served, Capt. Seki excused himself and went to attend the parade returning some minutes later when he very courteously deputized an officer to conduct our representatives all over the ship. We highly appreciate Capt. Seki's courtesy. He expects to sail from here on the 21st inst., and on his return to Japan, he hopes to be given command of a battle-cruiser of the latest type.

NIGHT PROWLERS.

A hawker was sleeping in his stall in Yaumatei last night when he heard a commotion outside. He saw three men making towards the Lee Kee Wharf with a quantity of his clothing. Two men who were arrested on his complaint were discharged by Mr. Lindsell this morning on the grounds of insufficient evidence.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Jur.—Will you be allowed to let off crackers on Celebration Day? We don't know, but we hope not. The official fireworks ought to be enough for you.
3 FRENCHMEN—Pas de quoi, mesieurs, Vive l'Entente cordiale.

EXHIBITION OF PICTURES.

FOR BLINDED SOLDIERS.

In St. Andrew's Hall on Thursday July 24 we are to see some wonderful war pictures by French artists. The exhibition proceeds are intended to help blinded soldiers both British and French.

His Excellency the Governor will open it at 5 p.m. The pictures will thereafter be on view till the 28th, from 10 to 12 and 4 to 8 daily. Such an opportunity to study the best modern French painting does not often come to Far Eastern folk, who frequently complain that life out here cuts them off from the arts. As the admission fee is only a dollar, anybody who stays away without strong reason will be accused of Boastianism.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.



NOTICE.

NO LAUNCH or BOAT is to lie at, approach, or leave Murray Pier or Statue Wharf Pier between the hours of 9.30 p.m. and 11 p.m. on the 18th and 19th July.

By Order,
BASIL TAYLOR,
CAPTAIN R. N.,
HARBOUR MASTER & CO.
Hongkong, July 16, 1919.

SHANGHAI DOCK & ENGINEERING CO., LTD.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the above Company CLOSE on the 19th inst., and holders of shares wishing to transfer same are advised to forward them on the 16th inst.

W. LOGAN,
Acting Secretary,
HONGKONG STOCK EXCHANGE.
Hongkong, July 16, 1919.

TO-DAY'S NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PEACE! PEACE!!
THE ALEXANDRA CAFE.

During Peace Celebrations

July 18th and 19th.

THE CAFE IS PROVIDING

Special Peace Tiffins & Dinners.

TIFFIN, PRICE \$1. DINNER.
(12 to 3) (7.30 to 9)

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PARTIES ARRANGED FOR. TABLES CAN BE BOOKED.

The Best Food and the Best Service under European Supervision.

RING UP N. BARBAGE,
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THE ALEXANDRA CAFE.



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WELCOME TO THEM THAT
COME TO US AND SO
PROVIDE ALL GOODS
FOR THE CELEBRATION
OF PEACE

THE WING ON CO. LTD.
HONG KONG

TO GIVE LIGHT
TO THEM THAT SIT
IN DARKNESS AND
TO GUIDE OUR FEET
INTO THE WAYS OF
PEACE

THE WING ON CO. LTD.
HONG KONG

TO GIVE HEARTILY
WELCOME TO THEM THAT
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OF PEACE

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WHITE CANVAS SHOES

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"ARMORTRED" SOLES ARE FLEXIBLE
WATERPROOF—NON-SLIPPING AND
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SOLES FOR TENNIS AND OTHER GAMES.

ALL SIZES \$3.75 per Pair.

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|--------|--------------------------------------|
| A 5930 | {POOR BUTTERFLY |
| | {YOU AND I |
| A 6029 | {JUST A BABY'S PRAYER |
| | {SOME NIGHT |
| A 6062 | {WHILE THE INCENSE IS BURNING |
| | {TABS BREN |

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AUSTRALASIA, WEST INDIES, MAURITIUS, EAST &
SOUTH AFRICA, RED SEA, EGYPT, EUROPE, ETC.SAILINGS FOR
MARSEILLES & LONDON.

Via STRAITS, COLOMBO AND PORT SAID.

S.S.	Leave Hong Kong about	Due Marseilles about	Due London about
"DILWARA"	27th July	with transhipment 28th September	at Bombay 11th October
"NAGOYA"	28th August		

S.S.	Leave Hong Kong about	Due Bombay about
"DILWARA"	27th July	14th August

S.S.	Leave Hong Kong about	Due Calcutta about
"JAPAN"	22nd July	13th August

S.S.	Leave Hong Kong about	Due Yokohama about
"NAGOYA"	28th July	

Wireless on all steamers.
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NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

TRADING Cargo on through Bills of Lading to SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS
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INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

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THE NANYO YUSEN KAISHA
(SOUTH SEA MAIL S. S. CO.)Regular Service of Steamers Between Japan, Hongkong, Singapore,
Batavia, Samarang and Sourabaya.

For JAPAN PORTS.	On
BORNEO MARU	on 15th July.
BOKUTO MARU	on 27th July.
For JAPAN PORTS.	On
HANRI MARU	on 28th July.
BORNEO MARU	on 28th Aug.
HUKUTO MARU	on 9th Sept.

For Freight or Passage apply to DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.



O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

LONDON & ANTWERP.	Monthly direct service via Singapore and Port Said.
AMAZON MARU	End of July.
ALTAI MARU	Middle of August.
GENOA & BOMBAY.	Monthly service, taking cargo on through Bills of Lading with transhipment at Bombay to Company's steamer.
SAIGON MARU	Saturday, 19th July.
INDUS MARU	Friday, 26th July.
SUENOS AIRES, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MAURITIUS, DURBAN & CAPE TOWN via SINGAPORE.	
HAWAII MARU	End of July.
BOMBAY COLOMBO.	Regular fortnightly service via Singapore.
SAIGON MARU	Saturday, 19th July.
INDUS MARU	Friday, 26th July.
SAIGON, BANGKOK, SINGAPORE.	Regular monthly service.
UNNAN MARU	Friday, 1st August.
SYDNEY, MELBOURNE.	Monthly service calling at AUCLAND, N.Z., and ADELAIDE.
KORSO MARU	Thursday, 17th July.
VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, SEATTLE, TACOMA.	Regular fortnightly service calling at intermediate ports in Japan and Alaska, and at OYERLAND PORTS U.S. in connection with Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.
MANILA MARU	Saturday, 19th July.
AFRICA MARU	Monday, 18th August.
JAPAN PORTS—Kobe.	
BURMA MARU	Thursday, 31st July.
KEELUNG, TAKAO via SWATOW, AMOY.	
SOSEI MARU	Thursday, 17th July, at 9 a.m.
For KEELUNG via SWATOW and AMOY.	
AMAKUSA MARU	Sunday, 20th July, at 10 a.m.

For sailing dates and further particulars please apply to—

Y. YASUDA, Manager.

Tel. No. 744 & 745.

SHIPPING

C. N. C.
CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

FOR	STEAMER	TO	DATE
SWATOW & SINGAPORE.	LIAN	July 17, at Noon.	
SHANGHAI & TSINGTAO.	SUIYANG	July 17, at 4 p.m.	
SHANGHAI & TSINGTAO.	CHENYANG	July 20, Daylight.	
SHANGHAI & TSINGTAO.	TEAN	July 23, at Noon.	
SHANGHAI & TSINGTAO.	SHENYANG	July 24, at Noon.	
SHANGHAI & TSINGTAO.	YINCHOW	July 27, Daylight.	

SHANGHAI LINE—PASSENGERS, MAIL, and CARGO. Excellent Saloon accommodation, electric light, and free in Saloon and State-rooms. Regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong, Shanghai (three weekly) and Tsingtao (weekly), taking cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Woosung.

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For Freight or Passage apply to—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, AGENTS.

Telephone No. 36.

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG
(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

For	STEAMER	To	Date
HAIPHONG	LOESANG	THURSDAY, July 17, at 8 a.m.	
SANDAKAN	HINSANG	THURSDAY, July 17, at Noon.	
MANILA	YUENSANG	THURSDAY, July 17, at 3 p.m.	
TIENTSIN via WEIHAIWEI & CHEFOO.	CHONGHONG	SATURDAY, July 19, Daylight.	
SHANGHAI	CHOYSANG	SATURDAY, July 19, Daylight.	
SINGAPORE	CHUNSHANG	SATURDAY, July 19, at 3 p.m.	
STRAITS & CALCUTTA	CHANGSANG	TUESDAY, July 22, at 3 p.m.	
MANILA	LOONGSANG	FRIDAY, July 25, at 3 p.m.	
YOKOHAMA & KOBE.	FOOKSANG	SUNDAY, July 27, Daylight.	

CAIRO LINE—This line has now been re-organized and affords regular sailings to Calcutta via Singapore and Penang. Steaming from Calcutta to Hongkong and to Japan, occasionally calling at Shanghai.

SHANGHAI LINE—Sailings approximately every five days between Canton and Shanghai, sometimes calling at Swatow. Steaming on the line a limited amount of passenger accommodation, and through tickets can be obtained for Northern and Yangtze Ports via Shanghai. Through Bill of Lading are issued to all Northern and Yangtze Ports.

MANILA LINE—A weekly service is maintained with Manila by vessels with good passenger accommodation; sailings from both ports every Friday.

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TIENTSIN LINE—A regular service is run from March to October between Hongkong and Tientsin, calling at Weihaiwei and Chefoo.

Under Straits Government Port Regulations. All European Passengers, leaving the Colony for Straits Settlements are entitled to produce on arrival at destination passport with their Photographs and descriptions affixed thereto.

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Operating the following U.S. Shipping Board Steamers.

S.S. "WEST MUNHAM"

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For SEATTLE, TACOMA & PORTLAND.

For SEATTLE, TACOMA, VICTORIA, VANCOUVER.

"WESTERN KNIGHT" About August 18.

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Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to change without notice.

Steamers	Tons	Leave Hongkong.
TENYO MARU	22,000	20th July.
"SIBERIA MARU"	20,000	29th July.
SHINYO MARU	23,000	13th August.
PERSIA MARU	9,000	28th August.
KOREA MARU	20,000	10th September.
NIFFON MARU	11,000	25th September.

* Calling at Keelung.

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HONGKONG to VALPARAISO via JAPAN, HONOLULU,

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CALLAO, ARIKA, and IQUIQUE.

Thence by Trans-Andean Route to Buenos Aires.

Steamers	Tons	Leave Hongkong:
AKYO MARU	18,000	Sept. 10th.
SEIYO MARU	14,000	Nov. 4th.
KIYO MARU	17,200	

Tickets are interchangeable with the Canadian Pacific Ocean Service, Ltd. and the Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

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Monthly Service between

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The steamers are all fitted throughout with electric light and have accommodation for a limited number of saloon-passengers.

All steamers carry a duly qualified surgeon.

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SAILINGS

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(via Shanghai, Nagasaki (Moji) Kobe & Yokohama)

STEAMER FROM HONGKONG TO VANCOUVER

STEAMER	FROM	DATE
"Monteagle"	July 29	Aug. 23
Empress of Asia	Aug. 7	Aug. 25
Empress of Japan	Aug. 20	Sept. 10
Empress of Russia	Sept. 4	Sept. 22
"Monteagle"	Oct. 7	Nov. 1
Empress of Asia	Oct. 2	Oct. 20
Empress of Japan	Oct. 16	Nov. 6
Empress of Russia	Oct. 30	Nov. 17
"Monteagle"	Dec. 16	Jan. 9
Empress of Asia	Nov. 27	Dec. 15
Empress of Japan	Dec. 11	Jan. 1
Empress of Russia	Dec. 25	Jan. 12

FARES HONGKONG TO UNITED KINGDOM.

"EXPRESS OF RUSSIA" Gold rate subject to passage without money.

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"THE TRANS-CANADA LIMITED"

Vancouver to Montreal

93.15 hours.

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SWATOW, AMOY & FOCHOW

AND RETURN.

(Occupying 9 to 10 Days)

HAIPHONG: Capt. J. W. Evans FRIDAY, 18th July at 1 p.m.

HAITAN: Capt. A. B. Stewart TUESDAY, 22nd July at 1 p.m.

QUINNEBAUG: Capt. Medina FRIDAY, 25th July at 11 a.m.

SWATOW.

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near Blake Pier).

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FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS.

"NANKING" (15,000 tons, American Registry).

"CHINA" (10,900 tons, American Registry).

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG FOR

SAN FRANCISCO

via SHANGHAI, JAPAN PORTS & HONOLULU.

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"CHINA" September 11th, 1919.

AN UNSURPASSED HIGH CLASS PASSENGER SERVICE.

O. H. BITTER, Freight and Passenger Agent.

Princes Buildings, Lee House Street. Tel. 1834.

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Cargo carried on through Bills of Lading from HONGKONG to BEIRA,

DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN (Natal), EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE TOWN, with transshipment at COLOMBO to Steamers of the INDIAN AFRICAN LINE.

PROPOSED SAILING.

From Hongkong: Connecting with From Colombo:

EXCELLENT ACCOMMODATION FOR 1ST AND 2ND CLASS PASSENGERS.

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Regular Direct Service from JAPAN, CHINA and STRAITS to BEIRA,

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For dates of departure, Rates of Freight, apply to—

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"CHINA MAIL" OFFICE.

IN PARLIAMENT.

SCIENCE, HUMANITARIANISM,
AND THE PROTECTION
OF DOGS.

DORMANT BANK BALANCES.

The adjourned debate on the report stage of the dogs' Protection Bill was continued on an amendment moved by Sir Hamar Greenwood on behalf of the Home Office, providing that no experiments should be performed on dogs except as "hereinafter provided."

Sir F. Banbury, who introduced the Bill, said if the amendment was carried it would frustrate the whole purpose of the Bill. It was altogether an erroneous idea that experiments were painless.

Captain Elliott read a list of supporters of the Anti-Vivisection League and chafed the Labour party on its connection with the League. He was also surprised to find Sir John Butcher associating with people who were enemies of the country. At the head of the list of vice-presidents was Princess Ludwig von Lowenstein Wertheim.

SCOTSMEN AND JOKES.

Sir John Butcher at once jumped up and said that he had never heard of the lady and did not wish to.

Captain Elliott remarked that it was a strange association, that of Sir John Butcher and Princess Ludwig von Lowenstein Wertheim—(laughter)—in order to put an end to research in Great Britain.

Sir John Butcher repudiated hotly the suggestion, saying it was an insult on the part of Captain Elliott.

The Speaker, intervening, suggested that Sir John was taking a little chaff much too seriously, and a Labour member asked if the Government would not allow an operation to be performed on the hon. baronet, such as was performed on a Scotsman in order to enable him to see a joke. Loud laughter.

Sir Auckland Geddes urged the House not to do anything which would hinder the development and growth of science and knowledge. (Heard, hear.)

On a division the amendment was carried by 147 to 69.

The Committee stage was concluded.

UNCLAIMED MONEY IN BANKS.

Mr. Bottomley moved the second reading of the Dormant Bank Balances and Unclaimed Securities Bill. It was a Bill intended to deal with one aspect only of the problem of bringing into the exchequer for the benefit of the State the vast sums of money represented by the unclaimed moneys in the hands of the various banks, corporations, companies, and others. He estimated that he was bringing a present to the Chancellor of the Exchequer of at least 100 millions.

Mr. Christopher Lowther seconded the Bill.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer said the Government had no objection to the principle of the measure, and the bankers had no objection if it pleased Parliament to pass such legislation. If he (the Chancellor) put the "buried treasure" at two or three millions it was multiplying the largest estimates given him by those in a position to know. He was prepared to agree to the second reading of the Bill and then refer it to a Select Committee.

Mr. Bottomley accepted the proposal.

The second reading was agreed to and the Bill sent to a Select Committee.

A NEW WIRELESS WONDER.

AIDS TO SHIPS AND AIRSHIPS.

Speaking in London, on May 22, on the future of wireless, Mr. Godfrey Isaacs said never again would a passenger crossing the Atlantic be out of touch with land, and, in future, he might conduct his business just as if he were on land. In future ships would be able to phone and telegraph one to the other at sea without any danger of interference. It would also be possible to equip a vessel with an apparatus which would find its exact position in dense fog, tell it of the approach of other vessels and their approximate distance. Wireless would also enable a vessel to tell "approximately" their position as to the land. By the aid of the newly-invented wireless direction finder an airman will be enabled to tell his actual height and position. But there was a new and more wonderful machine called the new transmitter at a divergent beam, without a light, which will tell the airman exactly where he was. In short, very soon a passenger in the air will be as easily able to tell where he was as a passenger looking out of a railway carriage. The new and wonderful invention could be fitted to lightships and buoys, thereby causing an immense saving in life.

WHEN YOU EAT TOO MUCH.

IMPRESSIONS OF
HONGKONG.LIKENESSES AND CONTRASTS TO
SHANGHAI.

This appeared in the N.C. Daily News lately.

The visitor to Hongkong, should he have come from Shanghai, naturally makes a mental comparison between the two places. In some respects the two towns are more or less alike. They have wide streets, a tramway system and other modern adjuncts; they are both under foreign control and as such are heavens of refuge for Chinese when the times are troublous, for however much the natives of the land may have above the presence of the foreigner in their midst, very many of them are nevertheless very glad to avail themselves of his protection when affairs in their own country are going badly.

Yet at all the points of contrast are greater than the points of likeness, and these are the more difficult to define. One feels the contrast as soon as one's vessel reaches the harbor. One senses after this "something" which seems to separate Hongkong from its northern rival and at last one stands across the water of the strait.

It is of course that Hongkong is British territory.

This may seem at first an unimportant difference. Shanghai belongs to the Chinese. Many of the Municipal Council members are of that nationality. The English language is the predominant foreign tongue. Thus, but Shanghai still is not British. It is international and the influence may cause strong upsurges in the matter of its government.

This is not the case with Hongkong. There is a subtle force which binds together all the strata of society in the different institutions that break up the colony, and that force is the English and the British.

Though these are not blazing forth from the headlines, they are nevertheless there and make themselves felt in every department of life in the colony. The spirit of law and order that great duty that every true son of Britain worships whether he knows it or not broods over the life of this outpost of our Empire. There is the stamp of British solidity and stability about the place. Not much wind-whipping, perhaps, but the foundations look secure.

Above all, however grandly old Britain with that fussy maternal solicitude that so often irritates her children when she persists in giving them maternal advice and wants to keep them fastened to her apron strings for fear they may stray and get their feet wet. But we, her children, know that after all the old lady means well and once we prompt her by giving in to her little fancies and humoring her bits of old tape she is prepared to protect even the least of her little ones to the last drop of her life's blood and the last shilling in her treasury.

Hongkong is Oriental, the policy East is ever with us, but underneath the label of tongues, silent yet strong and powerful is the grip and power of Britain, and who can truthfully say that power has not been used for the good of those it rules? We have made mistakes no doubt, but the wealth and skill of the little island in the west that have converted a barren rock in the east into one of the foremost ports of the world have also brought immense benefits to those of whatever nationality who live there, for Britain has ever been willing to share her good things with those who are content to keep her laws.

As Britons we may well be proud of Hongkong. Here we are not "foreigners" as we are in Shanghai. We are on a portion of our own estate. An infuriated mob in Shanghai may yell "out with the foreigners" with some show of logic, but it cannot do so in the southern port. Its war cry would have to be "down with the British Empire," and the I. W. W. teachings not yet having penetrated into China, this slogan is hardly likely to be raised at present.

DISCOVERY OF OIL IN
DERBYSHIRE.

The search for oil in Derbyshire has been attended with a measure of success which is believed to give reason for the highest hopes. Since October Messrs. Pearson have been testing certain areas on behalf of the Ministry of Munitions, and Mr. Kellaway, the Deputy Minister, announced to the House of Commons that:

Oil has been struck at Harbottle. In a night it rose rapidly to a height of 400 ft.

Boring had to be stopped to prevent flooding.

The gravity of the oil is light, and the quality good.

The experts express themselves satisfied with the prospects.

The announcement has created immense interest in financial and industrial circles.

SCOTISH LETTER.

SIR DOUGLAS HAIG'S
TRIUMPHAL TOUR.

[From Our Own Correspondent.]

May 21.

Sir Douglas Haig still goes on collecting bouquets, tickets, and L.L.D. parchments. Of necessity he delivers many speeches, and it is noted that in every one of them he pleads the cause of the demobilised officers and men, especially those who are disabled through wounds or sickness. He never omits, also, to repeat the much needed warning, that military preparedness on the part of the British Empire is still absolutely necessary. We have not fought the last of our wars, he tells us. "International relations have not reached a stage which enables us to dispose with compunctious measures to keep soldiers from our doors," and he quotes the old saw that "a strong man keeps his goods in peace," and "if you want peace, prepare for war."

His position, shortly put, is a parody of the old Christian maxim, Trust in the League of Nations, but keep your powder dry.

The most inspiring popular demonstration was when Sir Douglas crossed the Tay and visited Dundee. But his most important appearance was undoubtedly at the University of St. Andrews. Two years ago the students elected him their Rector, and he discharged the only duty that remains to that ancient office by delivering a Rectorial address to his youthful constituents. The main proposition which he laid down was that "the seeds of future conflict are to be found in every quarter of the globe," ready to "cover the fields with harvests of armed men," and it was in this connection that he dealt with the social, industrial, and political problems presented by India and China. The full report of what he said has already reached you by cable, it is sufficient here to say that he summarised the situation in the East and Far East in these words: "Only by raising all other civilisations to the level of our own can we make it possible for us and them to live side by side in peace."

The impression left upon readers and hearers of Sir Douglas Haig's speeches is curiously unanimous. It is the contrast between the obsequious and brutal dogmatism of a Hindenburg or a Bernhardt and the lofty wise and calm deliberations of our British Field-Marshal.

THE KINGDOM OF FIFE.

General Pershing received the honorary degree of LL.D. in absentia on the same day that Sir Douglas Haig was installed as Rector. The American officer who acted as the General's deputy, and had the mandate entrusted to him, was not allowed to get away without a speech. But he got a little of his own back, and administered a rather blunt knock to the noisy Fife. "I had never heard of the Kingdom of Fife before," he said, "so I asked a Scottish friend in London. He was busy at the time, and could not more than tell me that it was one of these new states created by the League of Nations."

HOMECOMING OF THE LONDON
SCOTTISH.

Of the many Territorial regiments which achieved enduring glory in the field of war, probably none holds a warmer corner in the hearts of Londoners than the wearers of the London Scottish. This warlike of feeling was wonderfully expressed when the cadre of the 1st battalion of the regiment arrived at Charing Cross from the Continent. The station was crowded, the Strand was lined many deep with crowds anxious to welcome home this small but representative company of the regiment. The silver badge and the regimental coat-of-arms were worn on scores of lapels, and the well-known regimental colours figured largely in neck wear and hat bands.

The 1st battalion of the Scottish arrived in France in September 1914, and was the first Territorial unit to go into action—on 31st October—when they played a vital part around Messines. They were next attached to the 1st Division, and saw much heavy fighting in company with the 1st Coldstreams, the 1st Scots Guards, the 1st Black Watch, and the 1st Camerons. Later, in 1915, when the Guards Division was formed, they were brigaded with the 50th Division. The battalion were present at Grivency, Neuve Chapelle, Richbourg, Loos, Gommecourt, the Somme, Arras, Mouvres, Queant, and Cambrai.

During the war, over 10,000 men have served with the Scottish, who have suffered 4,800 casualties, including 1,880 killed. Only 115 prisoners were captured from them, and some 2,000 of their N.C.O.'s and men rose to commissioned rank.

SIMPLE SCRIPTS FOR INDIA
AND CHINA.

It has often been argued that if English is to become the leading language of the world it ought to be a complete alphabet and follow phonetic spelling. The "Bible in the World" for this month tells us that "a new and simplified form of writing has been adopted by the Chinese Government, employing only 30 symbols, and by a combination of these all Chinese words can be adequately represented."

Joshua Knowles, a former L.M.S. Missionary at Trevennec, expresses a strong opinion that India stands in need of some similar simplified script. He suggests that the Indian Government should take the whole question of the use of some code of Roman letters for Indian vernaculars into serious consideration, decide upon some scheme, and allow its official use in schools and public courts. In the Indian Army, he says, Roman letters are used for Urdu, Hindi, Mahabhi, Gurmukhi, and other vernaculars, and all that is necessary is to allow the optional use of the Army or other code of letters, and thereby provide an Indian simplification as effective and practical as the new simplified Chinese scheme.

FOR THE FAR EAST.

Canada is not the only destination of the soldiers who are embarking at Glasgow. The H.M. liner "Nelson" sailed from Yorkhill on the Clyde at about 10 p.m. for the Malay States, the Straits Settlements, China, and Japan.

MRS. HOPE OF LUFFNESS.

The sensation-loving public had promised itself some exciting hour over a case in the Court of Session in which Mrs. Hope, of Luffness, figured, the lady who attracted considerable attention during the recent General Election by her opposition to Mr. Asquith in East Fife. Happily for all concerned, a compromise was come to at the last moment. Earl Stanhope, Sir John A. Hope, Bart., M.P., and Mr. Herbert J. Hope, barrister, the trustees of the late Lieut.-Col. George Everard Hope of Luffness, who lost his life in the war, presented a petition to the Court for the removal of the two young children from the guardianship of his widow, Mrs. Hope. The trustees alleged conduct on the part of Mrs. Hope which, they declared, disqualified her from having the care and upbringing of her children. After negotiations between Counsel, a joint minute was lodged granting the custody of the children to Lady Mary and Lady Lucy Georgina Hope, Mrs. Hope being afforded access to the children.

MARRIAGES.

At Penman's Hotel, Sanchohall Street, Glasgow, Arab. Campbell M. Master, son of the late John M. Master, Gowanbrae, Bunnassan, and Jessie Olive McCallum, daughter of the late Duncan McCallum, chief engineer, C.M.S.N.C., Shanghai, and granddaughter of the late Mr. L. M. McCord, Glasgow, Bunnassan, Mull.

AT WHITESIDES, DUNFRIES, CHARLES

Geoff Whitehead, of Shanghai, to Mabel, youngest daughter of William Johnston, Whitesides.

SCOTS LAW.

Sir Donald Maclean, the Parliamentary leader of the "Wee Frees," does not claim to be a humorist, but a Parliamentary man tells me that he committed one jest which received the compliment of "laughter" in the reports of a House of Commons debate last week. "One reason," said Sir Donald, why Scotland did so well at the English Bar was that, having once conquered the difficulties of Scots law everything else must be easy.

MINERAL RIGHTS.

Mr. Robert Smilie and his Socialist supporters have not a great sense of humour, or they might be interested to know that one of the earlier Scottish Nova Scotia Baronets received, with his grant of land in Nova Scotia the "right to dig for coal." He likes, as far as the suburbs of hell, the "document" conferring this right is preserved in the Register House, Edinburgh.

SOMETHING FOR NOTHING.

"How much have you got to-day, Katie?" asked a jute spinner of a friend who was coming out of Dundee Labour Exchange, and counting her out-of-work pay. "Two pounds three shillings." "And how much did ye get afore?" "I never got nair than twenty-three shillings when working," she replied. "This out-of-work was a widow with several of a family."

J. H. A. STORIES.

The favourite stories of that prince of raconteurs, the late Sir J. H. A. Macdonald, are being recalled and retold. One of them is about the bagpipes. An English lady asked a piper if he "did not think it would be an improvement if he took away those sticks that made the buzzing noise." "Was it the drones that she meant?" gasped the amazed piper. "Ho, if you would take away the drones the pipe would be no better than a common piano!"

DOVER AND CHANNEL TUNNEL.

Dover Town Council, with only one dissentient vote, has passed a resolution in favour of the construction of the Channel Tunnel. Lord Duncannon, member for the Dover Division, had put the matter before the Council with a view to obtaining the considered opinion of his constituents on the subject, which, he pointed out, had been under discussion in Parliament since the armistice. The Council felt that the tunnel would be beneficial to the nation as a whole, although it might not be actually advantageous to the port of Dover.

MARKET REPORT.

For the period from 1st to 15th July Messrs. S. D. Serna & Co. report as follows:

Cotton.—No Stock in the market. Reported nominal quotations for Indian at \$50 to 60 per picul, Chinese at \$50 to 55 per picul.

Indian Yarn.—Owing to scanty supplies, a limited business transpired at an advance of \$5 to 7 per bale on last prices. Sales are reported of about 2,000 Bales comprising of 1,400 Bales of No. 10s, and 600 Bales of No. 12s. Closing quotations—\$220 to 250 for No. 10s—\$230 to 260 for No. 12s—\$265 to 285 for No. 16s—and \$280 to 320 for No. 20s. Unsold Stock is estimated at about 2000 Bales, sold but unshipped stock is about 20,000 Bales.

Sundry Articles.—Market ruled quiet and a trifling business reported. Reported closing quotations are as under:

(Price per picul of 133½ lbs.)

Aloes	30 to 32
Almond	30
Angkor	38
Apricots	32
Asafoetida	40
B'dellium	11
Beans, Green	5½
Beans, Soy	6
Beans, White	5½
Bezoar Stone (per catty)	140 to 170
Bhesabole	14 to 16
Borax	22 to 24
Boritol	725
Bristles, Black	48 to 450
Bristles, White	200 to 1,300
Buffalo Pricks	12 to 14
Campior	215
Campior Oil	75
Cardamum seeds	38
Cassia	14½
Broken	10
Oil	125
Saigon	50 to 55
China Roots	9 to 12
Cloves	50
Extracted	24
Corrandum Stones	8 to 12
Fars	15 to 21
Feathers, Duck	19 to 25
Kingfisher (per 100)	6
Goose	27
Peacock (per 10,000)	45
Fennel Seeds	11
Fire Crackers	15½
Galangal	4
Gallnuts	41
Ginger Dry	16
Groundnuts	12½ to 15½
Groundnuts Oil	28
Halibone	24 to 32
Horns, Genda	975
Human Hair	18 to 285
Ivory (large pieces)	550 to 620
Kismis	36
Mattings (per yd)	0.13 Cents
Mavej	18 to 20
Mica Bubbles (18,000 pieces)	19
Munsul	29
Myrambollams	4
Oilbanon	5 to 20
Preserves (5 Jars)	3 to 4
Preserves Dry	30 to 45
Putechuck	110 to 120
Quicksilver	245
Rice	9 to 16
Rosa Oil	90 to 95
Rose Maloes	5 to 40
Safflower	24
Saffron (2 lb tin)	4 to 35
Saltpetre	16
Sandal Wood	70 to 75
Senna Leaf	250 to 300
Soy	4 to 5
Star Aniseed	24½
Sugar Candy	160
Tea	25 to 80
Tobacco Leaf	65 to 70
Turnerie	14
Vermillion	150
Wax	32
Wood Oil	24½
Zedoary	13

THE SHANTUNG CIVIL
GOVERNOR.

The On Fook Club demands the dismissal of the Shantung Civil Governor, Shum Ming-chong, but the Provincial Assembly, the Chamber of Commerce and the Educational Society have all telegraphed requesting that Shum Ming-chong be retained. They say that they will only recognize Shum Ming-chong.

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The On Fook Club insists on the appointment of Wong Yap-tong as chief peace delegate. In an interview with the President, Wong Yap-tong expressed his willingness to accept the task.

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Owing to the non-settlement of the Budget, the On Fook Club proposes to prolong Parliament.

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It is reported that the Diplomatic Corps will arrange a compromise between China and Japan.

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Kwok Chung-hi has sent a delegate to Fengtien to make arrangements with Chang Jui-shan regarding affairs after the changing of the Kirin Tughun.

If Chang Jui-shan accepts the
conditions set forth by Kwok Chung-hi,
fighting may be avoided.—Hongkong
Chinese Commercial News.

SOUTH AFRICAN MINES.

The Standard's correspondent at Johannesburg writing on May 23 says:

Regarding Sir Evelyn Walter's pronouncement that sixteen of the lower grade mines must close at the end of the year unless the costs were reduced by cutting down wages and securing imported cheap native labour from Tropical Africa, the whole country protests against this course. It is rumoured that the mines lying between the Nourse and the East Rand Proprietary will close at an early date, such a wholesale stoppage meaning a cessation of employment for 10,000 or 15,000 European miners and battery hands, exclusive of officials.

Public opinion is greatly disturbed, as this cessation would gravely effect not only the mining, but the retail and wholesale trade of the city and reef and the values of houses and land. Grants in aid from the Government are deprecated, as similar grants would be claimed by other industries. There is a consensus of opinion that the real remedy is retrenchment at the top, the high costs being principally caused by the excessive salaries and fees of directors, office staffs, and high officials at the mines and in the offices in London and here. The recruiting of tropical natives is strongly protested against, and would only be a repetition of the dismal failure of imported Chinese labour twelve years ago.

The Press and the public alike attach grave blame to the Government for undue taxation of the mining industry, not only directly, but by means of railway and other excessive charges. While agreeing that no mining or other industry can be carried on at a loss, the public urge retrenchment of the highly-paid staff and officials to enable the lower-grade mines, down to five penny-weights to yield profits and dividends.

BLAZON TYPE NOT NECESSARY.

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FAR EASTERN CABLE
NEWS.THE PRESIDENT'S RESIGNA-
TION.

SHANGHAI, July 15.

Chu Sai-chong has not been at his office in the Palace for one month now. His resignation notification is still being retained by the Cabinet. Kung Sun-jun has repeatedly asked him to take back his resignation, but Chu Sai-chong has refused. He has now sent a man to Tientsin to repair his residence.

KIRIN TROOPS MOBILISED.

Forty gings of Kirin troops are being mobilised. Martial law has been proclaimed in Changchun, but the people have not declared their independence.

CHU KAI-KIM'S RESIGNATION.

Chu Sai-chong has accepted Chu Kai-kim's resignation. The On Fook Club does not approve the appointment of Chien Nung-fun to succeed him. The Government now propose to appoint Chow Chi-chai or Vong Dai-hsi.

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ST. PAUL'S CHURCH
BAZAAR.

THE OPENING DAY.

This afternoon the St. Paul's Church Bazaar held at St. Paul's College, Glenelg was opened in fine but very hot weather. The object of the bazaar is to help the Ministering Children's League, the Church Extension and Christian Education.

In the regretted absence of Mrs. Gurner, through indisposition, Mrs. Barnett declared the bazaar open. Shortly after 2.30 p.m. Mrs. Barnett attended, accompanied by Miss Gurner and Rev. A. D. Stewart.

In a few words Rev. Mr. Stewart said that it was a great pleasure for him to ask Mrs. Barnett to open the bazaar. He regretted that Mrs. Gurner's indisposition had prevented her attendance to open the bazaar, but was grateful that Mrs. Barnett had kindly filled the gap at such short notice.

Mr. Barnett said she did not intend to make a long speech. The object is to aid the M.C.L. and the other institutions mentioned. Mrs. Barnett said she had just heard that the founders of the league, who used to give large subscriptions, had died. She hoped that as a result of the bazaar a large sum would be sent Home. Mrs. Barnett concluded by declaring the bazaar open.

The following were in charge of the various stalls:

Cushion Stall: Mrs. Hall and Mr. Ford.

Flower Stall: Mrs. V. Chan.

Candy Stall: Misses W. Woo, Wong and Hall.

Toys Stall: Miss Chan and Miss Lee.

\$1 Stall: Mrs. Gittens and Mrs. Wong.

30 Cent Stall: Misses Kwok and Fong.

Fancy Work Stall: Miss Kotwall and Mrs. Wei.

Games Stall: Mr. Tsang and Mr. Tso.

Wrapping Department: Mrs. J. M. Wong.

Refreshment Stall: Mr. Wong and Mrs. Green.

General Supervisors: Rev. and Mrs. Lee Kau Yan, Mrs. Fok, Miss Lee Pun Kun, and Miss F. C. Woo (Secretary of the Bazaar).

A look round the bazaar brought to notice immediately a nice painting by Miss M. Choy. It is a striking tribute to the ability of this young artist. Were it occupying a less prominent place, it would still command instant attention.

There are a number of nice cosy looking cushions for sale, a stall of fancy work articles, a dollar and a 30 cent stall containing articles, many of which are quite useful. There is also a nice lot of enamel curios.

On the wall a notice exhorts patrons to come "This way. Get the ticket for your tea, or at least a Balloon for your kid. The former can certainly be done by all patrons. Going outside there is a big theatre where to-night there is a Cinema show on "Let Us Forget" will be screened, as well as the inimitable Charlie.

Tea and other refreshments are provided on the lawn and this scene looks very nice.

GERMAN NAVAL WAR
LOSSES.

A German Government radiogram received by the Wireless Press gives what purport to be the total German naval losses suffered during the world-war. They read as follows:

One ship of the line.

One battle-cruiser.

Six old armoured cruisers.

Three modern and ten old small cruisers.

Seven gunboats.

Three river gunboats.

Thirty-nine destroyers.

Twenty-one large and forty-one small torpedo-boats.

Twenty-eight mine-sweepers.

Nine auxiliary cruisers.

One hundred and twenty-two fishing vessels, luggers, and other auxiliary craft, and

One-hundred and ninety-nine U-boats.

Eighty-two submarines went down in the North Sea and the Atlantic; three in the Baltic, seventy-two off Flanders, sixteen in the Mediterranean, and five in the Black Sea.

Fourteen were blown up by their own crews, and seven were interned in neutral ports.

The losses of men killed in the naval services are given as: Fleet—946 officers, 5,222 deck officers and non-commissioned officers, and 12,686 men. Marine Corps—328 officers, 1,483 deck officers and 8,809 non-commissioned officers, and 163 men.

There fell in Tsingtau ten officers, thirty-three port non-commissioned officers, and 163 men.

WEATHER REPORT.

July 16d. 12A. 8mm.—

